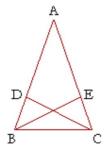
## Overlapping Triangles Practice

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Period: \_\_\_\_

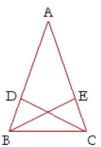
1) Separate and redraw the indicated triangles.

2) Identify any common sides or angles by marking them  $\cong$ .

a)  $\Delta DBC$  and  $\Delta ECB$ 



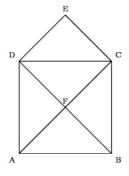
b)  $\triangle$ EBA and  $\triangle$ DCA



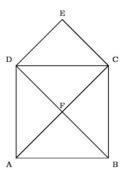
Common sides/angles?\_\_\_\_\_

Common sides/angles?\_\_\_\_\_

c)  $\triangle DBC$  and  $\triangle ACB$ 



d)  $\triangle DFA$  and  $\triangle CFB$ 

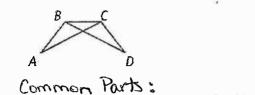


Common sides/angles? \_\_\_\_\_

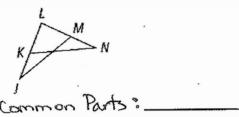
Common sides/angles?\_\_\_\_\_

In exercises 1-4, separate and redraw the indicated triangles. Then, identify any common parts (angles or sides).

## **1.** $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle DCB$



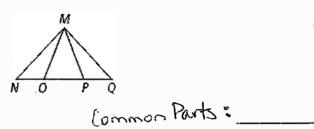
3.  $\triangle JML$  and  $\triangle NKL$ 



**2.**  $\triangle EFG$  and  $\triangle HGF$ 

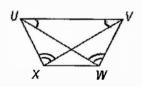


**4.**  $\triangle MPN$  and  $\triangle MOQ$ 



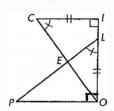
In exercises 5-8, separate and redraw the indicated triangles. Identify any common angles or sides. Then, finish the congruence statement and determine by what postulate the triangles are congruent.

## 5. $\triangle UXV \cong \triangle VWU'$

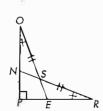


Common Parts: \_\_\_\_\_\_

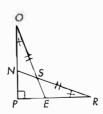
6.  $\triangle POL \cong \triangle$ 



Common Parts:



Common Parts: \_\_\_\_\_\_ ∆'s are ≅ by: 8. PO = PR $\Delta POE \cong \Delta$ 



Common Parts: \_\_\_\_\_ ∆'s are ≅ by: